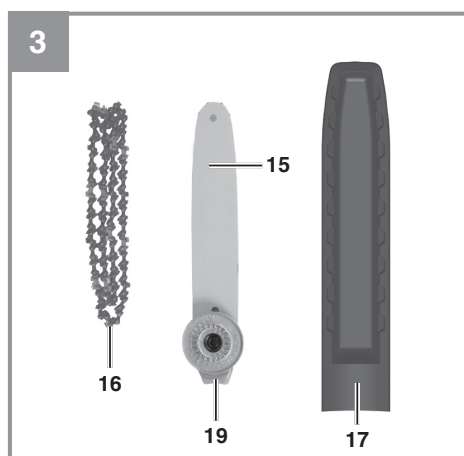
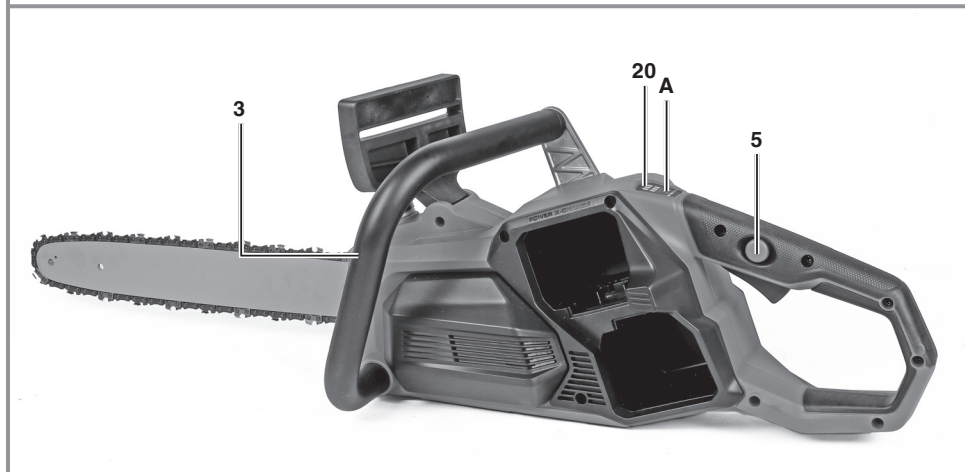
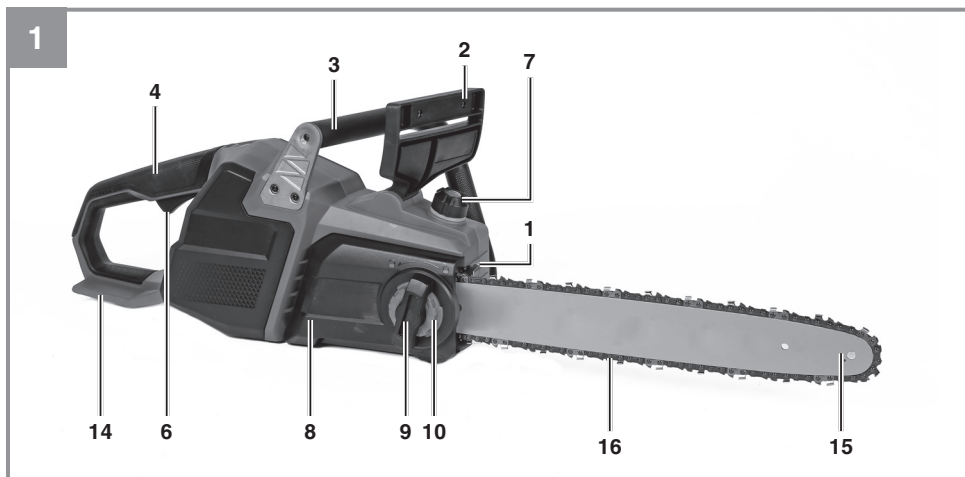


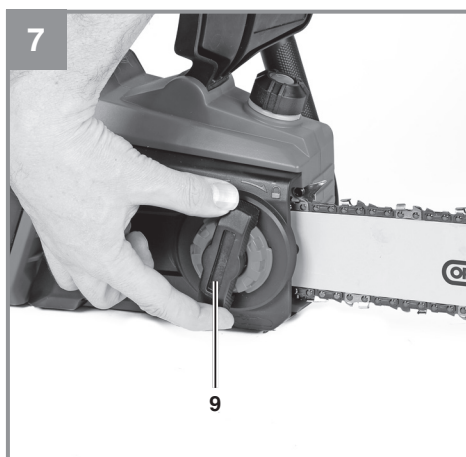
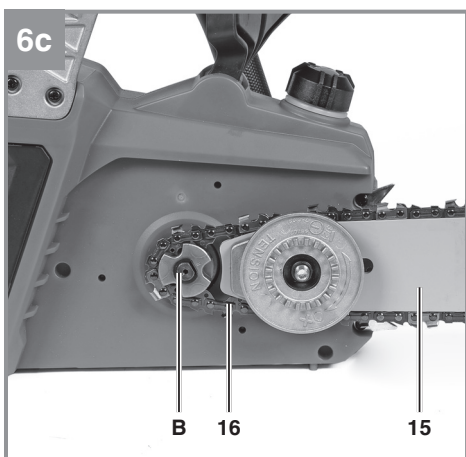
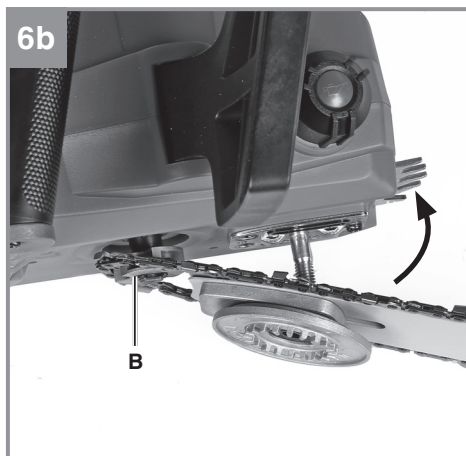
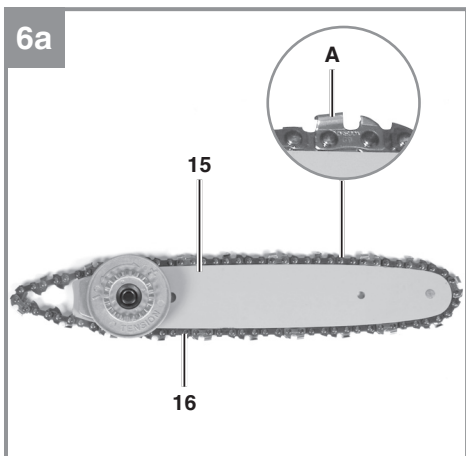
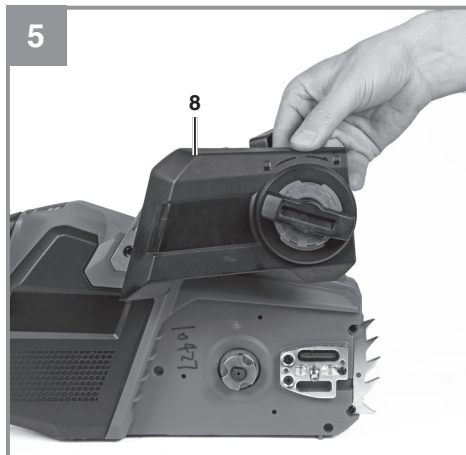
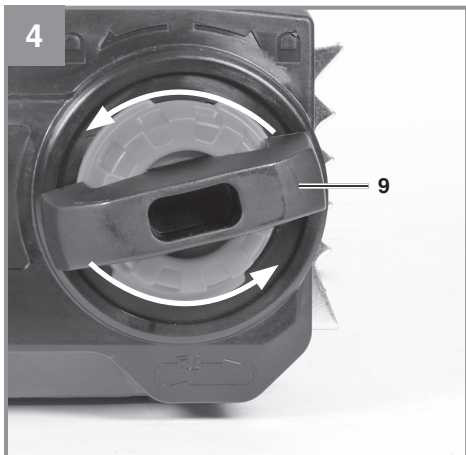


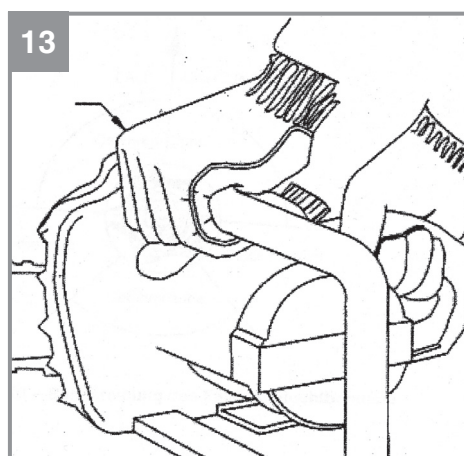
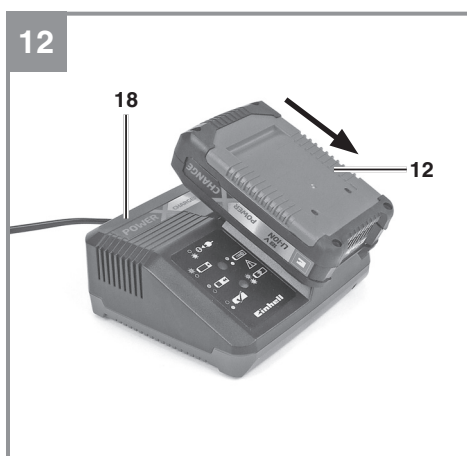
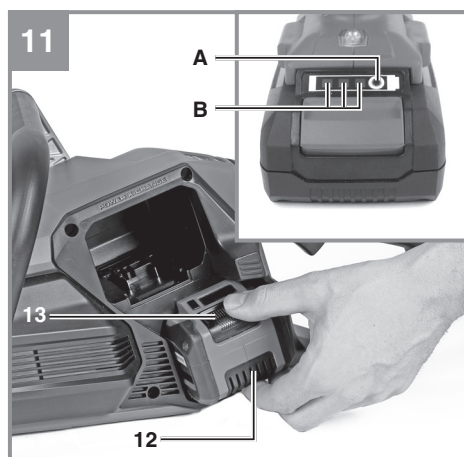
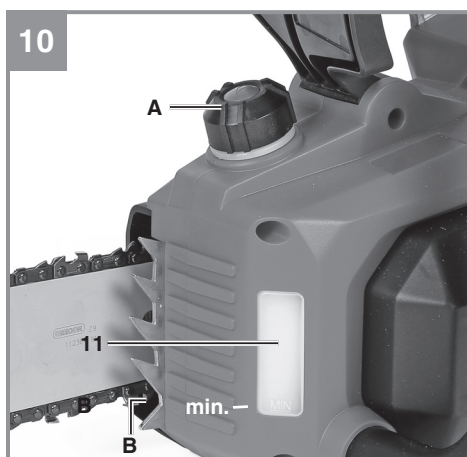
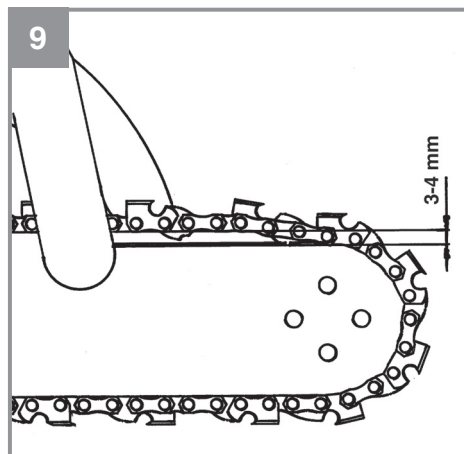
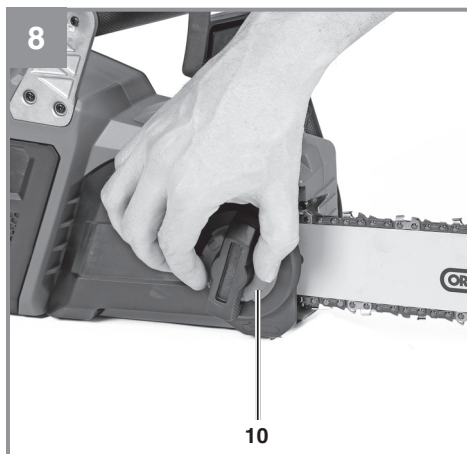
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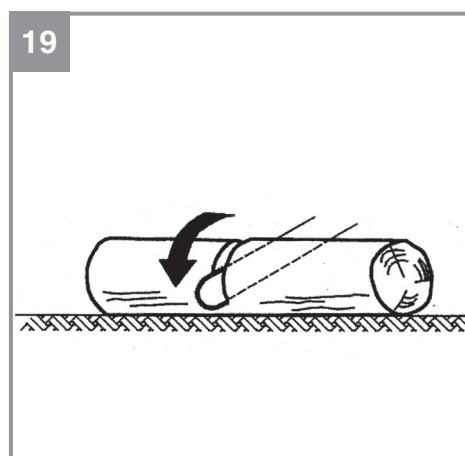
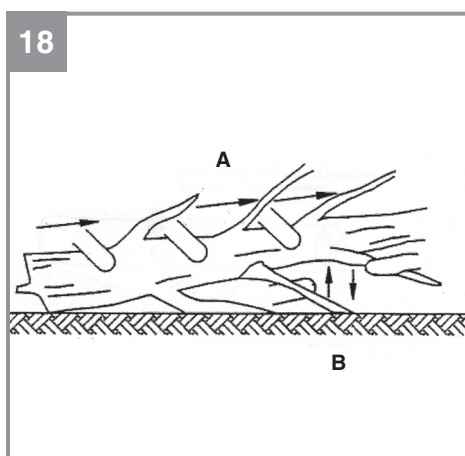
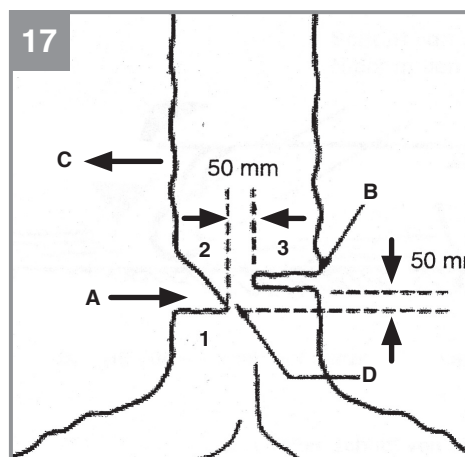
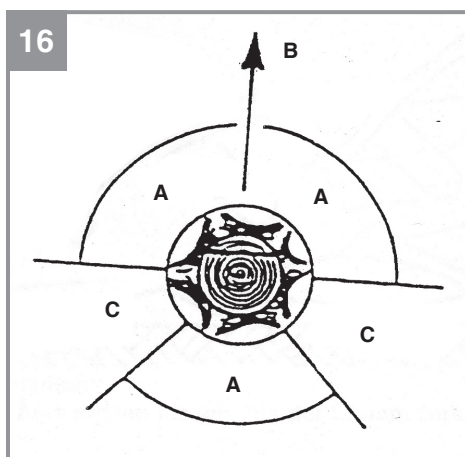
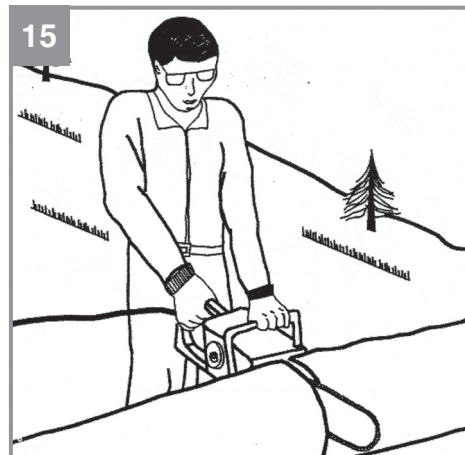
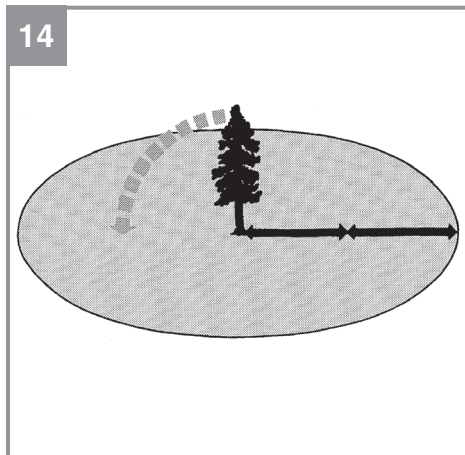
GB Original operating instructions Cordless Chainsaw

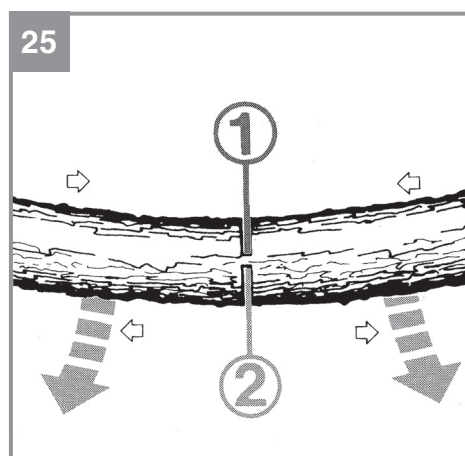
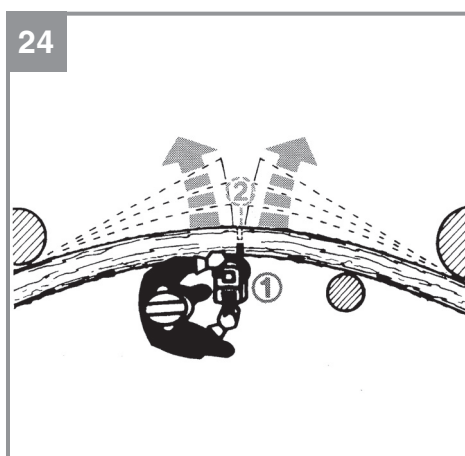
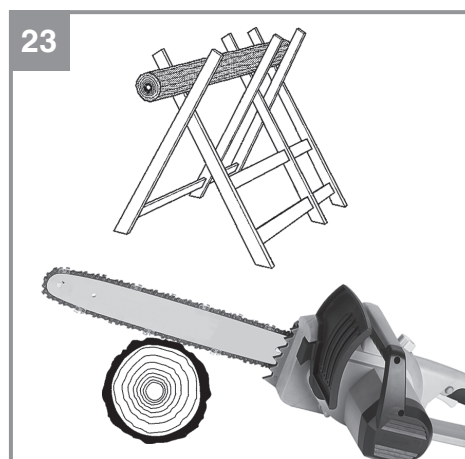
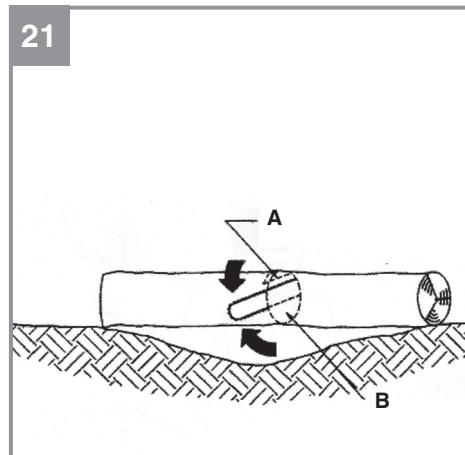
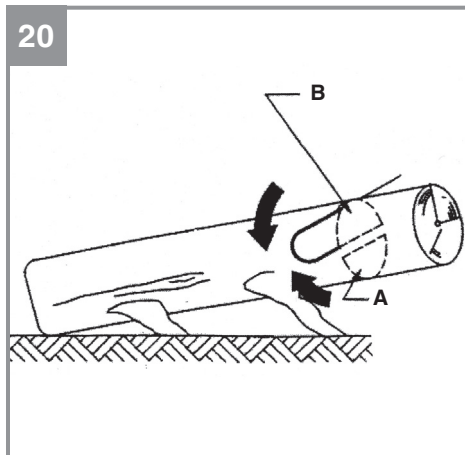


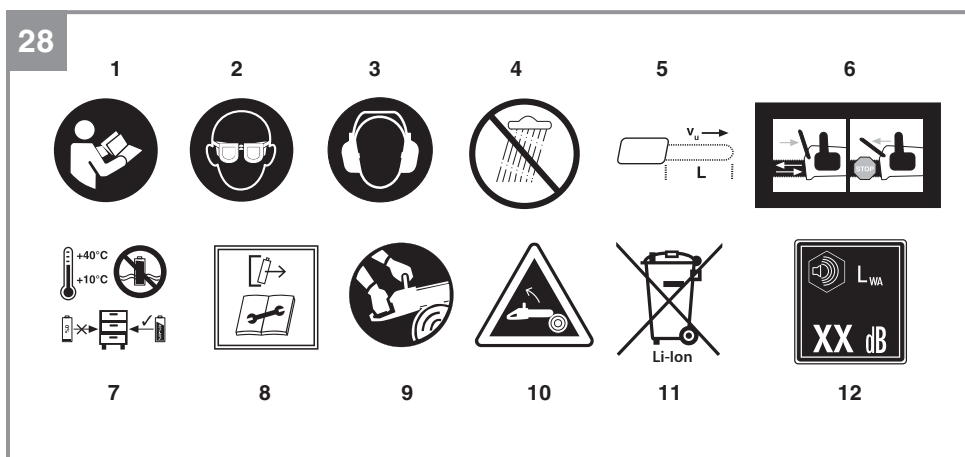
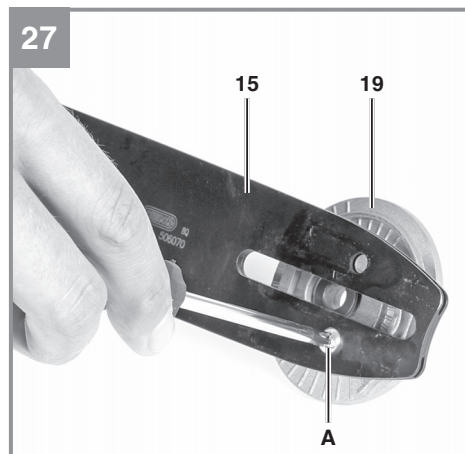
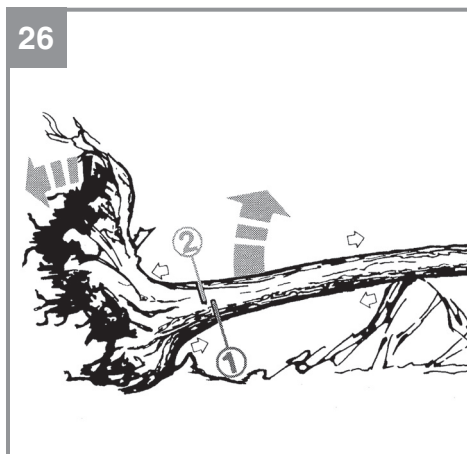












Danger!

When using the equipment, a few safety precautions must be observed to avoid injuries and damage. Please read the complete operating instructions and safety regulations with due care. Keep this manual in a safe place, so that the information is available at all times. If you give the equipment to any other person, hand over these operating instructions and safety regulations as well. We cannot accept any liability for damage or accidents which arise due to a failure to follow these instructions and the safety instructions.

Explanation of the symbols on the machine (Fig. 28):

1. Read the operating instructions.
2. Wear safety goggles.
3. Wear ear protectors.
4. Never expose the device to rain.
5. Maximum cutting length / chain speed vu: 19 m/s
6. Unlock chain brake before putting into operation!
7. Store the battery only in dry rooms with an ambient temperature of +10°C to +40°C. Place only charged batteries in storage (charged at least 40%).
8. Always remove the battery pack before making adjustments to the equipment.
9. Always hold the cordless chainsaw firmly with both hands.
10. Kick-back may result in fatal injuries from cuts.
11. The batteries must be removed from the tool before it is disposed of. How to dispose of batteries: Batteries are not allowed in household waste.
12. Sound power level

1. Safety regulations

The corresponding safety information can be found in the enclosed booklet.

Warning!

Read all the safety information, instructions, illustrations and technical data provided on or with this power tool. Failure to adhere to the following instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

Keep all the safety information and instructions in a safe place for future use.

2. Layout and items supplied**2.1 Layout (Fig. 1-3, 10, 11, 12)**

1. Claw stop
2. Front hand guard (chain brake)
3. Front handle
4. Rear handle
5. Safety lock-off
6. ON/OFF switch
7. Oil tank cover
8. Chain wheel cover
9. Fixing screw for the chain wheel cover
10. Chain tensioning screw
11. Chain oil fill level indicator
12. Battery pack (not included in delivery)
13. Pushlock button
14. Rear hand guard
15. Cutter bar
16. Saw chain
17. Cutter guard
18. Charger (not included in delivery)
19. Adapter plate
20. Battery capacity indicator

2.2 Items supplied

Please check that the article is complete as specified in the scope of delivery. If parts are missing, please contact our service center or the sales outlet where you made your purchase at the latest within 5 working days after purchasing the product and upon presentation of a valid bill of purchase. Also, refer to the warranty table in the service information at the end of the operating instructions.

- Open the packaging and take out the equipment with care.
- Remove the packaging material and any packaging and/or transportation braces (if available).
- Check to see if all items are supplied.
- Inspect the equipment and accessories for transport damage.
- If possible, please keep the packaging until the end of the guarantee period.

Danger!

The equipment and packaging material are not toys. Do not let children play with plastic bags, foils or small parts. There is a danger of swallowing or suffocating!

- Original operating instructions
- Safety instructions

3. Proper use

The chainsaw is intended for felling trees and for cutting trunks, branches, wooden beams, boards etc. and can be used for cross cuts and longitudinal cuts. It is not suitable for cutting any materials other than wood.

The equipment is to be used only for its prescribed purpose. Any other use is deemed to be a case of misuse. The user / operator and not the manufacturer will be liable for any damage or injuries of any kind caused as a result of this.

4. Technical data

Motor power supply: 36 V DC
 Idle speed n_0 : max. 10500 min⁻¹
 Cutting speed at rated rpm: max. 19 m/s
 Oil tank capacity: 230 ml
 Weight with cutter rail + chain + battery (5.2 Ah):
 approx. 6.8 kg
 Net weight
 (without rechargeable batteries) approx. 4.7 kg

Battery and charger

Please use only batteries and chargers from the Power-X-Change series, e.g. 1.5Ah and 5.2Ah batteries and the 3A Power-X charger.

Danger!

Sound and vibration

Sound and vibration values were measured in accordance with EN 62841-1 and EN 62841-2-13.

L_{pA} sound pressure level 92.7 dB(A)
 K_{pA} uncertainty 3 dB
 L_{WA} sound power level 100.7 dB(A)
 K_{WA} uncertainty 2.95 dB
 L_{WA} sound power level guaranteed 105 dB(A)

Wear ear-muffs.

The impact of noise can cause damage to hearing.

Total vibration values (vector sum of three directions) were determined in accordance with EN 62841-1 and EN 62841-4-1.

Handle under load

Vibration emission value front handle
 $a_h = 1.47 \text{ m/s}^2$

Vibration emission value rear handle
 $a_h = 1.97 \text{ m/s}^2$
 K uncertainty = 1.5 m/s²

The stated vibration emission levels and stated noise emission values were measured in accordance with a set of standardized criteria and can be used to compare one power tool with another.

The stated vibration emission levels and stated noise emission values can also be used to make an initial assessment of exposure.

Warning:

The vibration and noise emission levels may vary from the level specified during actual use, depending on the way in which the power tool is used, especially the type of workpiece it is used for.

Keep the noise emissions and vibrations to a minimum.

- Only use appliances which are in perfect working order.
- Service and clean the appliance regularly.
- Adapt your working style to suit the appliance.
- Do not overload the appliance.
- Have the appliance serviced whenever necessary.
- Switch the appliance off when it is not in use.
- Wear protective gloves.

5. Before starting the equipment

Warning!

Always remove the battery pack before making adjustments to the equipment.

Danger! Do not fit the battery until the chainsaw has been fully assembled and the chain tension has been set. Always wear protective gloves when working on the chainsaw to protect yourself against injury.

5.1 Assembly of the cutter rail and the saw chain

- Carefully unpack all parts and check that they are complete (Fig. 2-3).
- Undo the fixing screw of the chain wheel cover (9) (Fig. 4).
- Take off the chain wheel (8) (Fig. 5).
- Lay the chain (16) as shown in the groove which runs around the cutter rail (15) (Fig. 6a/ Item A).
- Insert the cutter rail and chain as shown in the mounting in the chainsaw. At the same time guide the chain around the chain wheel (Fig. 6b/6c/Item B).
- Attach the chain wheel cover and secure it with the fixing screw (9) (Fig. 7). **Caution:** Do not fully tighten the fixing screw until after adjusting the chain tension (refer to point 5.2).

5.2 Tensioning the saw chain

Warning! Always disconnect the mains plug before performing any checks or adjustments. Always wear protective gloves when working on the chainsaw to protect yourself against injury.

- Undo the fixing screw (9) of the chain wheel cover a few turns (Fig. 4).
- Adjust the chain tension with the chain tensioning screw (Fig. 8/ Item 10). Turning the screw clockwise increases the tension, turning it counter-clockwise decreases the chain tension. The saw chain is correctly tensioned if it can be lifted around 3-4 mm in the middle of the cutter rail (Fig. 9).
- Tighten the fixing screw (9) of the chain wheel cover (Fig. 7).

Danger! All of the chain links must lie properly in the guide groove of the cutter rail.

Notes on tensioning the chain:

The saw chain must be properly tensioned to ensure safe operation. You can tell that the chain tension is perfect if the saw chain can be lifted by around 3-4 mm in the middle of the cutter rail. As the saw chain heats up during cutting and thus changes in length, please check the chain tension every 10 minutes and adjust it again as required. This applies in particular to new saw chains. When you have finished working slacken the chain again, as the chain will shorten when it cools down. This will prevent the chain from being damaged.

5.3 Saw chain lubrication

Warning! Always pull out the battery before performing any checks or adjustments. Always wear

protective gloves when working on the chainsaw to protect yourself against injury.

Notice! Never operate the chain if it is not lubricated with saw chain oil. Use of the chainsaw without saw chain oil or if the oil level is below the "min" mark (Fig. 10/ Item B) will damage the chainsaw.

Notice! Be aware of the temperature conditions: different lubricants with completely different viscosities are required at different ambient temperatures. At lower temperatures you will need low viscosity oils in order to achieve a sufficient lubricating film. However, if the same low viscosity oil is used during the summer it will become even thinner due to the ambient temperatures alone, and as a result the lubricating film could break down, causing the chain to overheat and become damaged. In addition, the chain oil would burn and produce unnecessary pollutants.

Filling the oil tank:

- Place the chainsaw on a flat surface.
- Clean the area around the oil tank cover (Fig. 10/Item A) and then clean the oil tank cover.
- Fill the tank with saw chain oil. In the process, make sure that no dirt enters the tank, as this could cause the oil nozzle to become blocked.
- Close the oil tank cover.

5.4 Charging the Li battery pack (Fig. 11-12)

The battery is protected from exhaustive discharge. An integrated protective circuit automatically switches off the equipment when the battery is flat.

Warning! Do not actuate the On/Off switch any more if the protective circuit has tripped. This may damage the battery.

1. Remove the battery pack from the handle, pressing the pushlock button (13) downwards to do so.
2. Check that your mains voltage is the same as that marked on the rating plate of the battery charger. Insert the power plug of the charger (18) into the socket outlet. The green LED will then begin to flash.
3. Push the battery pack onto the battery charger.

In section 12 (Charger indicator) you will find a table with an explanation of the LED indicator on the charger.

If the battery pack fails to charge, check for the following:

- voltage at the power socket
- whether there is good contact at the charging contacts of the charging unit

If the battery pack still fails to charge, send

- the charger and charging adapter
- and the battery pack

to our customer service center.

To ensure that items are properly packaged and delivered when you send them to us, please contact our customer service or the point of sale at which the equipment was purchased.

When shipping or disposing of batteries and cordless tools, always ensure that they are packed individually in plastic bags to prevent short circuits and fires.

To ensure that the battery pack provides long service, you should take care to recharge it promptly. You must recharge the battery pack when you notice that the performance of the device drops. Never allow the battery pack to become fully discharged. This will cause it to develop a defect.

5.5 Battery capacity indicator (Fig. 1/20 + Fig. 11/B)

Press the button for the battery capacity indicator (A). The battery capacity indicator shows the charge status of the battery using 3 LEDs.

All 3 LEDs are lit:

The battery is fully charged.

2 or 1 LED(s) are lit:

The battery has an adequate remaining charge.

1 LED flashes:

The battery is empty, recharge the battery.

All LEDs blink:

The battery temperature is too low. Remove the battery from the equipment, keep it at room temperature for one day. If the fault reoccurs, this means that the rechargeable battery has undergone exhaustive discharge and is defective. Remove the battery from the equipment. Never use or charge a defective battery.

6. Operation

6.1 Switching on/off

Switching on

- Plug in the battery on the equipment.
- Hold the chainsaw by the handles with both hands as shown in Fig. 13 (thumbs under the handles).
- Press and hold the safety lock-off (Fig. 1/Item 5).
- Switch on the chainsaw at the ON/OFF switch (Fig. 1/Item 6). You can then release the safety lock-off.

Switching off

Release the ON/OFF switch (Fig. 1/Item 6).

The integrated brake will bring the running chainsaw to a standstill within a very short space of time. Always disconnect the mains plug when you stop working, even if it is only for a short time.

Warning! Always carry the saw by the front handle. If the saw is plugged in and you carry it by the rear handle (which is where the switches are located), then there is a risk that you could accidentally press the safety lock-off and the ON/OFF switch at the same time, and the chainsaw could inadvertently start up.

6.2 Safety devices

Motor brake

The motor brakes the saw chain as soon as the ON/OFF switch (Fig. 1/Item 6) is released or the power supply is interrupted. This significantly reduces the risk of injury that would otherwise be present if the chain continued to run after being switched off or disconnected.

Chain brake

The chain brake is a safety mechanism which is triggered via the front hand guard (Fig. 1/Item 2). If kickback causes the chainsaw to suddenly jerk back then the chain brake trips and stops the saw chain in less than 0.1 seconds. You must check the operation of the chain brake on a regular basis. To do this, fold the hand guard (Fig. 1/Item 2) forward and briefly switch the chainsaw on. The saw chain must not start up.

Pull back the front hand guard (Fig. 1/Item 2) until it engages to release the chain brake.

Danger! Never use the saw if the safety equipment is not working properly. Never try to repair safety related protection systems yourself – always have any work done by our service department or by a similarly qualified workshop.

Hand guard

The front hand guard (which also acts as the chain brake at the same time) (Fig. 1/Item 2) and the rear hand guard (Fig. 1/Item 14) protect against finger injuries resulting from contact with the saw chain if the chain breaks because it is overloaded.

7. Working with the chainsaw

7.1 Preparations

To ensure that you can work safely, check the following points before every use:

Condition of the chain saw

Inspect the chainsaw before the start of work for damage to the housing, the power cable, the saw chain and the cutter rail. Never use a chainsaw which is obviously damaged.

Oil container

Fill level of the oil container. Even while working, keep checking that sufficient oil is in the system. To avoid damaging the chainsaw, never run the saw if there is no oil in the system or if the oil drops below the "min" mark (Fig. 10/Item B). On average, a single filling will last around 15 minutes depending on the number of pauses in cutting and the loads involved.

Saw chain

Tension of the saw chain, condition of the cutting elements. The sharper the chainsaw, the easier and more controllable it is to operate the chainsaw. The same also applies to the chain tension. Again, while working also check the chain tension every 10 minutes in order to increase your safety. New saw chains in particular often tend to expand more.

Chain brake

Check the operation of the chain brake as described in the chapter "Safety devices" and then release it.

Safety clothing

Always wear appropriate tight-fitting safety clothing like special trousers which protect against cuts, protective gloves and safety shoes.

Hearing protection and protective goggles.

When felling trees or performing forest work, always wear a protective helmet with integral face and hearing protection. This will offer protection against falling branches and any branches if they spring back.

7.2 Description of the correct procedures for basic use of the chainsaw

Felling a tree (Figs. 14-17)

If two or more persons are working at the same time on felling and cutting back then the minimum distance between the tree being felled and the tree being cut back should be at least twice the height of the tree being felled (Fig. 14). When felling trees, care must be taken to ensure that no other persons are endangered, no power supply lines are hit and no material damage is caused to equipment or property. In the event that a tree comes into contact with a power supply line, the responsible power supply company should be informed immediately.

When working with the saw on a slope, the operator of the chainsaw must be standing at a higher point on the slope than the tree being felled, as the tree will roll or slip downhill once it has been felled (Fig. 15).

Before felling the tree you must first plan and if necessary clear an escape route. This escape route must lead away diagonally in the opposite direction to the expected fall direction – this can be seen in Fig. 16 (A= danger zone, B= direction of fall, C= escape zone).

Before felling the tree you must take into account the natural inclination of the tree, the location of larger branches and the wind direction, as this will help you to correctly determine the direction in which the tree will fall.

Dirt, stones, loose bark, nails, staples and wire must be removed from the tree.

Making the felling notch (Fig. 17)

Cut a notch (A) at right angles to the fall direction to a depth of 1/3 of the tree diameter as shown in Fig. 17. First make the lower horizontal felling notch (1). This prevents the saw chain or the guide rail from becoming trapped when the second felling notch is made.

Making the felling cut (Fig. 17)

The felling cut should be positioned at least 50 mm above the horizontal felling notch. Make the felling cut (B) parallel to the horizontal felling notch. The felling cut should be cut to a depth which leaves a thin strip (felling hinge strip) (D) which can act as a hinge. This strip prevents the tree from rotating and falling in the wrong direction. Do not cut through the strip. When the felling cut gets close to the strip the tree should start to fall. If it becomes clear that the tree may well fall in a different direction to the desired fall direction (C) or it starts to lean back and traps the saw chain, interrupt the felling cut and insert wedges made of wood, plastic or aluminum to open out the cut and control the lean of the tree until it leans in the required direction.

When the tree starts to fall, remove the chainsaw from the cut, switch it off, place it on the ground and exit the danger zone via the planned escape route. Watch out for falling branches and take care not to trip.

Removing branches

Here we are talking about removing branches from the felled tree. When removing branches, leave any downward facing branches which are supporting the tree until the trunk of the tree has been cut up. Smaller branches should be removed as shown in Fig. 18 (A= cutting direction when removing branches, B= keep away from the ground! Supporting branches should be left until the trunk is cut up) in a single cut from the bottom to the top. Any branches which are under tension should be cut from the bottom to the top to prevent the saw from becoming trapped.

Cutting the tree trunk into lengths

Here we are looking at the process of cutting the felled tree into sections. Make sure you have a sure footing and distribute your body weight evenly onto both feet. If possible the trunk should be underlaid and supported with branches, beams or wedges. For easy cutting follow the simple instructions below.

If the full length of the tree trunk is evenly supported as shown in Fig. 19 then proceed by cutting from the top down. Take care not to cut into the ground in the process.

If the weight of the tree trunk is resting on one end as shown in Fig. 20, first cut through 1/3 of the trunk diameter from the underside (A) in order to prevent it from splintering. Make the second cut from the top (2/3 of the diameter) to the height of

the first cut (B) (this prevents the chainsaw from being trapped).

If the weight of the tree trunk is resting on both ends as shown in Fig. 21, first cut through 1/3 of the trunk diameter from the top (A) in order to prevent it from splintering. Make the second cut from underneath (2/3 of the diameter) to the height of the first cut (B) (this prevents the chainsaw from being trapped).

When working with the saw on a slope, always position yourself at a higher point on the slope above the tree as shown in Fig. 15. In order to retain full control at the moment when the cut goes through, reduce pressure towards the end of the cut without releasing your firm grip on the handles of the chainsaw. Take care to ensure that the chainsaw does not touch the ground. After completing the cut, wait for the chain saw to come to a standstill before removing the chainsaw. Always switch off the motor of the chainsaw before moving from tree to tree.

7.3 Kickback

The term "kickback" describes what happens when the running chainsaw suddenly kicks upward and backward. Usually, this is caused by contact between the tip of the cutter rail and the workpiece or the saw chain becoming trapped. In the event of kickback, large forces occur suddenly and violently. As a result, the chainsaw usually reacts uncontrollably. This can often result in very serious injuries to the worker or persons in the vicinity. The risk of kickback is particularly great when performing cross cuts, angled cuts and longitudinal cuts, as it is not possible to use the claw stop on these cuts. You should therefore avoid these cuts as far as possible and take particular care when they are unavoidable.

The risk of kickback is at its greatest when the saw is positioned for a cut in the region of the tip of the cutter rail, as the leverage effect is greatest there (Fig. 22). It is therefore safest to position the saw flat and as close as possible to the claw stop before making the cut (Fig. 23).

Warning!

- Make sure that the chain tension is always correctly adjusted.
- Only use a chainsaw if it is in perfect working order.
- Only work with a saw chain that has been properly sharpened in accordance with the

instructions.

- Never operate the saw above shoulder height.
- Never cut with the upper edge or the tip of the sword.
- Always hold the chainsaw firmly with both hands.
- Whenever possible, use the claw stop as a leverage point.

Cutting wood which is under tension

Special care is required when cutting wood which is under tension. Wood which is under tension from which it is released by cutting may in some cases react completely unpredictably and uncontrollably. In the worst case this could result in extremely severe or even fatal injuries (Fig. 24-26). This type of work must only be performed by persons who have been specially trained.

8. Cleaning, maintenance and ordering of spare parts

Danger!

- Remove the battery each time before cleaning.
- Never immerse the unit in water or other liquids in order to clean it.

8.1 Cleaning

- Regularly clean the clamping mechanism by blowing it out with compressed air or cleaning it with a brush. Do not use tools for cleaning.
- Keep the handles free of grease so that you can maintain a firm grip.
- Clean the device as required with a damp cloth and, if necessary, mild washing up liquid.
- If the chainsaw is not to be used for an extended period of time then you should remove the chain oil from the tank. Briefly immerse the saw chain and the cutter rail in an oil bath and then wrap them in oil paper.

8.2 Maintenance

Replacing the saw chain and cutter rail

The cutter rail needs to be replaced if

- the guide groove of the cutter rail is worn;
- the nose sprocket in the cutter rail is damaged or worn.

Remove the adapter plate (Item 19) from the cutter rail as shown in Fig. 27. Now fit the adapter plate to the new cutter rail. Proceed as described

in the section "Assembly of the cutter rail and the saw chain".

Checking the automatic chain lubrication

You should check the operation of the automatic chain lubrication system on a regular basis in order to guard against overheating and the associated damage to the cutter rail and the saw chain. To do this, point the tip of the cutter rail towards a smooth surface (board, section of a cut tree) and allow the chainsaw to run.

If an increasing oil trace becomes evident during this process then the automatic chain lubrication system is working properly. If no clear oil trace is evident then please refer to the corresponding instructions in "Troubleshooting". If the information contained there still fails to remedy the situation then please contact our service department or another similarly qualified workshop.

Danger! Do not actually touch the surface with the tip of the cutter rail when performing this test. Keep a safe distance (approx. 20 cm).

Sharpening the saw chain

Effective working with the chainsaw is only possible if the saw chain is in good condition and sharp. This also reduces the risk of kickback. The saw chain can be re-sharpened by any dealer. Do not attempt to sharpen the saw chain yourself unless you have the necessary special tools and experience.

8.3 Ordering replacement parts:

Please quote the following data when ordering replacement parts:

- Type of machine
- Article number of the machine
- Identification number of the machine
- Replacement part number of the part required

For our latest prices and information please go to www.Einhell-Service.com

9. Notes on environmental protection / disposal

The equipment is supplied in packaging to prevent it from being damaged in transit. The raw materials in this packaging can be reused or recycled. The equipment and its accessories are made of various types of material, such as metal and plastic. Never place defective equipment in your household refuse. The equipment should be taken to a suitable collection center for proper disposal. If you do not know the whereabouts of such a collection point, you should ask in your local council offices.

10. Storage

Store the equipment and accessories out of children's reach in a dark and dry place at above freezing temperature. The ideal storage temperature is between 5 and 30 °C. Store the electric tool in its original packaging.

11. Troubleshooting

Danger!

Before troubleshooting, switch off the equipment and pull out the battery.

The table below contains a list of fault symptoms and explains what you can do to remedy the problem if your tool fails to work properly. If the problem still persists after working through the list then please contact your nearest service workshop.

Cause	Fault	Remedy
Chainsaw does not work at all	- Quick stop brake (chain brake) tripped - No power supply	- Pull the hand protection back to the normal position. - Check the power supply.
Chainsaw operates intermittently	- Loose connection (external) - Loose connection (internal) - ON/OFF switch defective	- Consult a specialist workshop. - Consult a specialist workshop. - Consult a specialist workshop.
Saw chain dry	- No oil in the tank - Oil tank cap breather blocked - Oil outlet blocked	- Fill up with oil. - Clean the oil tank cap. - Clear the oil outlet.
Chain brake does not work	- Problem with the switch mechanism in the front hand guard	- Consult a specialist workshop.
Chain/guide rail hot	- No oil in the tank - Oil tank cap breather blocked - Oil outlet blocked - Blunt chain	- Fill up with oil. - Clean the oil tank cap. - Clear the oil outlet - Re-sharpen or replace the chain.
Chainsaw juddering, vibrating or not sawing properly	- Chain tension too loose - Blunt chain - Worn chain - Saw teeth pointing in the wrong direction	- Adjust the chain tension. - Re-sharpen or replace the chain. - Replace the chain. - Reinstall the saw chain with the teeth facing in the correct direction.

12. Charger indicator

Indicator status		Explanations and actions
Red LED	Green LED	
Off	Flashing	Ready for use The charger is connected to the mains and is ready for use; there is no battery pack in the charger
On	Off	Charging The charger is charging the battery pack in quick charge mode. The charging times are shown directly on the charger. Important! The actual charging times may vary slightly from the stated charging times depending on the existing battery charge.
Off	On	The battery is charged and ready for use. (READY TO GO) The unit then changes over to gentle charging mode until the battery is fully charged. To do this, leave the rechargeable battery on the charger for approx. 15 minutes longer. Action: Take the battery pack out of the charger. Disconnect the charger from the mains supply.
Flashing	Off	Adapted charging The charger is in gentle charging mode. For safety reasons the charging is performed less quickly and takes more time. The reasons can be: - The rechargeable battery has not been used for a very long time. - The battery temperature is outside the ideal range. Action: Wait for the charging to be completed; you can still continue to charge the battery pack.
Flashing	Flashing	Fault Charging is no longer possible. The battery pack is defective. Action: Never charge a defective battery pack. Take the battery pack out of the charger.
On	On	Temperature fault The battery pack is too hot (e.g. due to direct sunshine) or too cold (below 0° C). Action: Remove the battery pack and keep it at room temperature (approx. 20° C) for one day .

13. Permissible cutter sets

Length of cutter set	350 mm (14")	400 mm (16")	450 mm (18")
Max. cutting length	340 mm	380 mm	440 mm

Oregon				
	Chain	91PX052X	91PX056X	91PX062X
	Chain bar	140SDEA041 518302	160SDEA041 647949	180SDEA041 518303

Excelsior & Sharp				
	Chain	3/8LP.050 52E ES91YOP	3/8LP.050 56E ES91YOP	3/8LP.050 62E ES91YOP
	Chain bar	ES140SDEA041	ES160SDEA041	ES180SDEA041

Disposal

Power tools, rechargeable batteries, accessories and packaging should be sorted for environmental-friendly recycling.

Do not dispose of power tools and batteries/rechargeable batteries into household waste!

Only for EU countries:

According to the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment and its transposition into national law, power tools that are no longer usable, and, according to the Directive 2006/66/EC, defective or drained batteries must be collected separately and disposed of in an environmentally correct manner.

If disposed incorrectly, waste electrical and electronic equipment may have harmful effects on the environment and human health, due to the potential presence of hazardous substances.

Only for United Kingdom:

According to The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2013 (SI 2013/3113) (as amended) and the Waste Batteries and Accumulators Regulations 2009 (SI 2009/890) (as amended), products that are no longer usable must be collected separately and disposed of in an environmentally friendly manner.

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Subject to technical changes

Service information

We have competent service partners in all countries named on the guarantee certificate whose contact details can also be found on the guarantee certificate. These partners will help you with all service requests such as repairs, spare and wearing part orders or the purchase of consumables.

Please note that the following parts of this product are subject to normal or natural wear and that the following parts are therefore also required for use as consumables.

Category	Example
Wear parts*	Cutter bar, Battery
Consumables*	Saw chain
Missing parts	

* Not necessarily included in the scope of delivery!

In the event of defects or faults, please register the problem on the internet at www.Einhell-Service.com. Please ensure that you provide a precise description of the problem and answer the following questions in all cases:

- Did the equipment work at all or was it defective from the beginning?
- Did you notice anything (symptom or defect) prior to the failure?
- What malfunction does the equipment have in your opinion (main symptom)?
Describe this malfunction.

ELECTRICAL SAFETY

⚠ WARNING! When using electric tools basic safety precautions should always be followed to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and personal injury.

Read the whole manual carefully and make sure you know how to switch the tool off in an emergency, before operating the tool. Save these instructions and other documents supplied with this tool for future reference.

This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

This appliance is compatible and only to be used with all batteries & chargers from the Power X-Change range. Refer to the Power X-Change battery and charger manuals for information regarding charging, use and storage.

⚠ WARNING! Always remove the battery from the tool:

- when the batteries are to be charged,
- when the tool is left unattended,
- when the tool is being checked, cleaned, or having maintenance work done,
- when the tool is to be stored, or if the tool vibrates abnormally.

Do not combine different types of batteries.

Do not use modified or damaged batteries.

GENERAL POWER TOOL SAFETY

⚠ WARNING! Read all safety warnings, instructions, illustrations and specifications provided with this power tool. Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

The term "power tool" in the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

1) Work area safety

- Keep work area clean and well lit.** Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.
- Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust.** Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool.** Distractions can cause you to lose control.

2) Electrical safety

- Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools.** Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.
- Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces, such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators.** There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.
- Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions.** Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.
- Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts.** Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use.** Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.
- If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a residual current device (RCD) protected supply.** Use of an RCD reduces the risk of electric shock.

3) Personal safety

- Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.** A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection.** Protective equipment such as a dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.
- Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and/or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool.** Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energising power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.
- Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on.** A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.
- Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.** This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
- Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery. Keep your hair and clothing away from moving parts.** Loose clothes, jewellery or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used.** Use of dust collection can reduce dust-related hazards.
- Do not let familiarity gained from frequent use of tools allow you to become complacent and ignore tool safety principles.** A careless action can cause severe injury within a fraction of a second.

4) Power tool use and care

- Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application.** The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
- Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off.** Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.

- c) **Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or remove the battery pack, if detachable, from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools.** Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
- d) **Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool.** Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- e) **Maintain power tools and accessories. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use.** Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.
- f) **Keep cutting tools sharp and clean.** Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.
- g) **Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc. in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed.** Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.
- h) **Keep handles and grasping surfaces dry, clean and free from oil and grease.** Slippery handles and grasping surfaces do not allow for safe handling and control of the tool in unexpected situations.

5) Battery tool use and care

- a) **Recharge only with the charger specified by the manufacturer.** A charger that is suitable for one type of battery pack may create a risk of fire when used with another battery pack.
- b) **Use power tools only with specifically designated battery packs.** Use of any other battery packs may create a risk of injury and fire.
- c) **When battery pack is not in use, keep it away from other metal objects, like paper clips, coins, keys, nails, screws or other small metal objects, that can make a connection from one terminal to another.** Shorting the battery terminals together may cause burns or a fire.
- d) **Under abusive conditions, liquid may be ejected from the battery; avoid contact. If contact accidentally occurs, flush with water. If liquid contacts eyes, additionally seek medical help.** Liquid ejected from the battery may cause irritation or burns.
- e) **Do not use a battery pack or tool that is damaged or modified.** Damaged or modified batteries may exhibit unpredictable behaviour resulting in fire, explosion or risk of injury.
- f) **Do not expose a battery pack or tool to fire or excessive temperature.** Exposure to fire or temperature above 130 °C may cause explosion.
- g) **Follow all charging instructions and do not charge the battery pack or tool outside the temperature range specified in the instructions.** Charging improperly or at temperatures outside the specified range may damage the battery and increase the risk of fire.

6) Service

- a) **Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts.** This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.
- b) **Never service damaged battery packs.** Service of battery packs should only be performed by the manufacturer or authorized service providers.

ADDITIONAL WARNINGS FOR CHAINSAWS

This product is intended for use by a competent trained person. This user manual is a guide only and should not be treated as a training manual.

- Please seek professional training before use.
- If using a chainsaw for the first time, it is recommended to, as a minimum, practice cutting logs on a saw-horse or cradle after receiving training.

ADDITIONAL WARNINGS FOR BACKPACK AND JET BLOWERS

1. The backpack blower is intended to be used by the operator at ground level and not on ladders or any unstable support.
2. Do not simultaneously wear multiple belt harnesses or multiple shoulder harnesses other than the ones provided with the backpack blower.
3. When wearing the harness, ensure no other wearable interferes with the release and removal of the harness.
4. Please inspect the backpack blower for damage if there appears to be excessive vibration. Stop the backpack blower and remove the batteries before inspecting.
5. Never direct the blower direction nozzle towards bystanders or pets. Never blow debris in the direction of bystanders or pets.



Einhell
PROFESSIONAL

WARRANTY INFORMATION

EINHELL AUSTRALIA PTY LTD – 25 Fox Drive, Dandenong South, VIC 3175 Australia provides the following warranty in relation to your Einhell Professional tool.

2 YEAR* STANDARD REPAIR WARRANTY

Includes all Einhell Professional power tools and garden tools.

**Subject to an additional 1-year extended warranty upon online registration.*

10 YEAR* BRUSHLESS MOTOR REPAIR WARRANTY

Includes all brushless motors on Einhell Professional tools.

**Subject to online registration.*

www.einhellpro.com.au/registration

3 YEAR STANDARD REPLACEMENT WARRANTY

Includes all Einhell Professional Power X-Change batteries and chargers.

Our goods come with guarantees that cannot be excluded under Australian Consumer Law. You are entitled to a replacement or refund for a major failure and for compensation for any other reasonably foreseeable loss or damage. You are also entitled to have the goods repaired or replaced if the goods fail to be of acceptable quality and the failure does not amount to a major failure.

The benefits provided under this warranty are in addition to other rights and remedies which are available to you under law. The warranty covers manufacturer defects in materials, workmanship and finish under normal use.

EINHELL PROFESSIONAL Warranty Claim Process

Equipment defects covered by the warranty will be repaired or replaced by Einhell Australia's Service Repair centre.

Contact us on

Australia – 1800 929 094

New Zealand – 0800 105 040

Or visit www.einhellpro.com.au/contactus

Or return to your nearest Bunnings Store (special orders desk) to arrange service/repair.

It is important that you have the tool's model number ready and your proof of purchase receipt.

If a fault is diagnosed and your tool is inside the stated warranty period, then your tool will be repaired or replaced at no cost. If your tool is diagnosed faulty but your tool has fallen outside the stated warranty period, the cost of diagnosis or repair will be covered by the user.

Exclusions:

The product has been modified, repaired, or serviced by someone other than an Einhell ANZ authorised service repair centre.

The product has been used other than for the purpose to which it is designed.

The product has been exposed to user abuse such as knocks, bumps and extreme temperatures or conditions, product misuse or product neglect.

Parts which are subject to wear are not covered by warranty – such as drill chucks, chainsaw chains, chainsaw bars, trimming and brush cutter heads and blades, lawn mower and hedge trimmer blades, lawn mower wheels, and accessories such as drill bits, cutting discs etc.